## **Handout #3: Communication Channels and Activities: Pros and Cons**

From Making Health Communication Programs Work, National Cancer Institute, 2002:

<b>Type of Channel</b>	Activities	Pros	Cons
Interpersonal Channels	<ul> <li>Hotline counseling</li> <li>Patient counseling</li> <li>Instruction</li> <li>Informal discussion.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can be credible</li> <li>Permit two-way discussion</li> <li>Can be motivational, influential, supportive</li> <li>Most effective for teaching and helping/caring.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can be expensive</li> <li>Can be time-consuming</li> <li>Can have limited intended audience reach</li> <li>Can be difficult to link into interpersonal channels; sources need to be convinced and taught about the message themselves.</li> </ul>
Organizational and Community Channels	<ul> <li>Town hall meetings and other events</li> <li>Organizational meetings and conferences</li> <li>Workplace campaigns.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May be familiar, trusted, and influential</li> <li>May provide more motivation/support than media alone</li> <li>Can sometimes be inexpensive</li> <li>Can offer shared experiences</li> <li>Can reach larger intended audience in one place.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can be costly, time consuming to establish</li> <li>May not provide personalized attention</li> <li>Organizational constraints may require message approval</li> <li>May lose control of message if adapted to fit organizational needs.</li> </ul>

<b>Type of Channel</b>	Activities	Pros	Cons
Mass Media Channels Newspapers	<ul> <li>Ads</li> <li>Inserted sections on a health topic (paid)</li> <li>News</li> <li>Feature stories</li> <li>Letters to the editor</li> <li>Op/ed pieces.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can reach broad intended audiences rapidly</li> <li>Can convey health news/breakthroughs more thoroughly than TV or radio and faster than magazines</li> <li>Intended audience has chance to clip, reread, contemplate, and pass along material</li> <li>Small circulation papers may take PSAs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coverage demands a newsworthy item</li> <li>Larger circulation papers may take only paid ads and inserts</li> <li>Exposure usually limited to one day</li> <li>Article placement requires contacts and may be time-consuming.</li> </ul>

<b>Type of Channel</b>	Activities	Pros	Cons
Mass Media Channels Radio	<ul> <li>Ads (paid or public service placement)</li> <li>News</li> <li>Public affairs/talk shows</li> <li>Dramatic programming (entertainment education).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Range of formats available to intended audiences with known listening preferences</li> <li>Opportunity for direct intended audience involvement (through call-in shows)</li> <li>Can distribute ad scripts (termed "live-copy ads"), which are flexible and inexpensive</li> <li>Paid ads or specific programming can reach intended audience when they are most receptive</li> <li>Paid ads can be relatively inexpensive</li> <li>Ad production costs are low relative to TV</li> <li>Ads allow message and its execution to be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reaches smaller intended audiences than TV</li> <li>Public service ads run infrequently and at low listening times</li> <li>Many stations have limited formats that may not be conducive to health messages</li> <li>Difficult for intended audiences to retain or pass on material.</li> </ul>

<b>Type of Channel</b>	Activities	Pros	Cons
Mass Media Channels Television	<ul> <li>Ads (paid or public service placement)</li> <li>News</li> <li>Public affairs/talk shows</li> <li>Dramatic programming (entertainment education).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reaches potentially the largest and widest range of intended audiences</li> <li>Visual combined with audio good for emotional appeals and demonstrating behaviors</li> <li>Can reach low income intended audiences</li> <li>Paid ads or specific programming can reach intended audience when most receptive</li> <li>Ads allow message and its execution to be controlled</li> <li>Opportunity for direct intended audience involvement (through call-in shows).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ads are expensive to produce</li> <li>Paid advertising is expensive</li> <li>PSAs run infrequently and at low viewing times</li> <li>Message may be obscured by commercial clutter</li> <li>Some stations reach very small intended audiences</li> <li>Promotion can result in huge demand</li> <li>Can be difficult for intended audiences to retain or pass on material.</li> </ul>

<b>Type of Channel</b>	Activities	Pros	Cons
Mass Media Channels Internet	<ul> <li>Web sites</li> <li>E-mail mailing lists</li> <li>Chat rooms</li> <li>Newsgroups</li> <li>Ads (paid or public service placement).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can reach large numbers of people rapidly</li> <li>Can instantaneously update and disseminate information</li> <li>Can control information provided</li> <li>Can tailor information specifically for intended audiences</li> <li>Can be interactive</li> <li>Can provide health information in a graphically appealing way</li> <li>Can combine the audio/visual benefits of TV or radio with the self-paced benefits of print media</li> <li>Can use banner ads to direct intended audience to your program's Web site.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can be expensive</li> <li>Many intended audiences do not have access to Internet</li> <li>Intended audience must be proactive—must search or sign up for information</li> <li>Newsgroups and chat rooms may require monitoring</li> <li>Can require maintenance over time.</li> </ul>